Commonwealth of Massachusetts Executive Office of Environmental Affairs MEPA Office

ENF

Environmental Notification Form

#12753 Bill GAGE 417-626-1025

The information requested on this form must be completed to begin MEPA Review in accordance with the provisions of the Massachusetts Environmental Policy Act, 301 CMR 11.00.

Project Name: South River Dredging				
Street:				
Municipality: Scituate	Watershad: South Constal			
Universal Tranverse Mercator Coordinates:	Watershed: South Coastal			
N 4666750 E 359600	Latitude: 42°08'30" N Longitude: 71°42'00" W			
Estimated commencement date: Nov. 2002	Estimated completion date: Feb. 2003			
Approximate cost: \$500,000	Status of project design: 75%complete			
Proponent: Town of Scituate Waterways Commission				
Street: 600 Chief Justice Cushing Highway				
Municipality: Scituate	State: Mass. Zip Code: 02066			
A CANADA CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO				
Name of Contact Person From Whom Copies of this ENF May Be Obtained: Burton B. Bryan				
Firm/Agency: Robert L. Fultz & Associates	Street: 74 Colonial Road			
Municipality: Marshfield	State: Mass. Zip Code: 02050			
Phone: 781-659-2003 Fax: 78	1-659-2003 E-mail: bnayrb@aol.com			
Does this project meet or exceed a mandatory EIR threshold (see 301 CMR 11.03)? Yes Who Has this project been filed with MEPA before? Yes (EOEA No) No Has any project on this site been filed with MEPA before? Yes (EOEA No) No Is this an Expanded ENF (see 301 CMR 11.05(7)) requesting: a Single EIR? (see 301 CMR 11.06(8)) yes No a Special Review Procedure? (see 301 CMR 11.09) yes No a Waiver of mandatory EIR? (see 301 CMR 11.11) Yes No a Phase I Waiver? (see 301 CMR 11.11) Yes No Identify any financial assistance or land transfer from an agency of the Commonwealth, including the agency name and the amount of funding or land area (in acres): Department of Environmental				
Management, Are you requesting coordinated review with any other federal, state, regional, or local agency? Yes(Specify				

Which ENF or EIR review threshold(s) does the project meet or exceed (see 301 CMR 11.03):				
Land Water Energy ACEC	Rare Speci Wastewate Air Regulations	r	Transportat Solid & Haz	Vaterways, & Tidelands ion ardous Waste Archaeological
Summary of Project Size	Existing	Change	Total	State Permits &
& Environmental Impacts				Approvals
Total site acreage New acres of land altered Acres of impervious area Square feet of new bordering vegetated wetlands alteration Square feet of new other wetland alteration	_AND	6.15 0 0 268,105	0	 ○ Order of Conditions ○ Superseding Order of Conditions ○ Chapter 91 License ○ 401 Water Quality Certification ○ MHD or MDC Access Permit ○ Water Management Act Permit ○ New Source Approval ○ DEP or MWRA Sewer Connection/Extension Permit
Acres of new non-water dependent use of tidelands or waterways	- 194 - 194	0		
STRU	JCTURES			Other Permits
Gross square footage	0	0	0	(including Legislative
Number of housing units	0	0	0	Approvals) – Specify:
Maximum height (in feet)	N/A			
TRANSI	PORTATION		April 1965 1965 State State State State St	
Vehicle trips per day	N/A			
Parking spaces	0	0	0	
WATER/W	VASTEWATE	R	- Land Harris	
Gallons/day (GPD) of water use	0	0	0	
GPD water withdrawal	0	0	0	
GPD wastewater generation/ treatment	0	0	0	
Length of water/sewer mains (in miles)	0	0	0	
CONSERVATION LAND: Will the project involve the conversion of public parkland or other Article 97 public natural resources to any purpose not in accordance with Article 97?				

RARE SPECIES: Does the project site include Estimated Habitat of I	Rare Species, Vernal Pools, Priority Sites of
Rare Species, or Exemplary Natural Communities?	
Yes (Specify)	⊠No
HISTORICAL /ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES: Does the project	t site include any structure, site or district
listed in the State Register of Historic Place or the inventory or the Invento	
Commonwealth?	ů .
Yes (Specify)	No
If yes, does the project involve any demolition or destruction of any li archaeological resources?	isted or inventoried historic or
Yes (Specify)	□No
AREAS OF CRITICAL ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERN: Is the project	et in or adjacent to an Area of Critical
Environmental Concern?	
Yes (Specify)	⊠No
PPO IECT DESCRIPTION. The project description should i	include (a) a description of the project site

<u>PROJECT DESCRIPTION</u>: The project description should include (a) a description of the project site, (b) a description of both on-site and off-site alternatives and the impacts associated with each alternative, and (c) potential on-site and off-site mitigation measures for each alternative (You may attach one additional page, if necessary.)

The project involves dredging a 6,500 foot (1.23 mile) stretch of the South River extending north from the Sea Street Bridge connecting the mainland in Marshfield to the barrier beach of Humarock, which is part of Scituate (see attached locus map). The town line between Scituate and Marshfield goes approximately down the center of the channel for most of its length. The area to be dredged will be 75 feet wide at the bottom. It is proposed to use a hydraulic dredge and pump the sediments from the northern part of the channel to the beach at Humarock. In the southern part of the channel, the 3400 feet between Little's Creek and the Sea Street Bridge, the sediments are too coarse and rocky for hydraulic dredging, and will be dredged mechanically and disposed of at the Massachusetts Bay Disposal site.

Alternatives

- 1. No Build-No dredging is conducted. Considerable shoaling in the proposed project area will continue to provide a risk to public safety, property and water quality due to vessels grounding and colliding with other vessels. The potential for collision is increased because vessels have no clear line of navigation. The shoaling represents a threat to public safety and public health by: restricting vessels from using the established course; potential vessel damages from avoiding and/or coming in contact with a hazard (such as shoaling, or another vessel) and jeopardizing safe turning. Any continued impairment to the ability of the United States Coast Guard and the Scituate Harbormaster Office to respond to emergencies puts commercial and recreational boaters at even greater risk.
- 2. Maintenance dredging is conducted, spoils are dewatered and trucked to upland disposal site, possibly a landfill. The project would not then provide the multiple benefits of storm damage prevention and flood control that beach nourishment would. There is not a suitable site for dewatering in the vicinity of the project area. This alternative is more costly than the proposed alternative.
- 3. The entire channel is mechanically dredged and the sediment of disposed of at the Mass. Bay Disposal Site. Sediment samples from this entire stretch of the river have been approved for disposal at MBDS by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, but this option would prevent the suitable portion of the sediments from being used as beach nourishment. The Scituate

Waterways Commission, The Conservation Commission, the Save Humarock Association, Humarock residents, and Mass. Coastal Zone Management are all interested in using as much of the material as possible for beach nourishment at the severely eroding Humarock Beach.

4. Maintenance dredging is conducted with a hydraulic dredge and suitable spoil material is disposed of in a slurry through a pipeline onto Humarock Beach, with the remainder being mechanically dredged and disposed of at MBDS. This option would enhance the beach's functions of storm damage prevention and flood control. It would cause extremely minimal amounts of environmental impacts to water quality and/or to coastal resource areas because dredging would be done during cold seasons when there is less growth in nearby resource areas, as well as less fisheries activity (in an area that is an anadromous fish run). Hydraulic dredging has the least environmental impact of dredging methods, and because the sediments are coarse, there would be relatively little resuspension during the mechanical dredging process. This is the preferred alternative.