### Commonwealth of Massachusetts Executive Office of Environmental Affairs ■ MEPA Office

## **ENF**

# **Environmental Notification Form**

For Office Use Only
Executive Office of Environmental Affairs
OEA No.: /3 77 <b>7</b>
MEPA Analysting adde Rockley
MEPA Analyst Decedee Buckley hone: 617-626-
1044

The information requested on this form must be completed to begin MEPA Review in accordance with the provisions of the Massachusetts Environmental Policy Act, 301 CMR 11.00.

Project Name: Storrow Drive Tunnel	Reconstru	ction Project		
Street: Storrow Drive near Arlington ar	nd Berkele	y Streets		
Municipality: Boston		Watershed: Charles		
Universal Tranverse Mercator Coordinates:		Latitude: 71°4′24.01″ W		
Zone 19 329249, 4691394		Longitude: 42°21′21.89″ N		
Estimated commencement date: 2008*		Estimated completion date: 2012*		
Approximate cost: \$46-135 million (varies by option)		Status of project design: 10 %complete		
Proponent: Department of Conservatio	n and Rec	reation		
Street: 251 Causeway Street				
Municipality: Boston		State: MA	Zip Code: 02114	
Name of Contact Person From Who	m Copies	of this ENF M	lay Be Obtained:	
Katie Lesser				
Firm/Agency: Epsilon Associates, Inc.			k Tower Place, Suite 250	
Municipality: Maynard		State: MA	Zip Code: 01754	
Phone: 978-461-6207  *The estimated commencement date and du	<u> </u>		E-mail: klesser@epsilonassociates.co	
the timing of other area construction project further information).  Does this project meet or exceed a man has this project been filed with MEPA between the same project on this site been filed with the same project on	ndatory EI  pefore? with MEPA  05(7)) requirements CMR 11.09) MR 11.11)	R threshold (see Yes Yes (EOEA No before? Yes (EOEA No esting:	301 CMR 11.03)?  NO  NO  NO  NO  NO  NO  NO  NO  NO  N	
Identify any financial assistance or land the agency name and the amount of fu land and will be funded by state transportat with MassHighway conducting the construc-	nding or la	and area (in acre The project will	es): The project involves DCR-owned be designed and permitted by DCR,	
Are you requesting coordinated review Yes(Specify				
List Local or Federal Permits and Appr				

Which ENF or EIR review thres	hold(s) does th			
∐ Land ☐ Water	☐ Rare Species ☐ Wetlands, Waterways, & Tidelands ☐ Wastewater ☐ Transportation			
Energy			ion ardous Waste	
ACEC	Regulation:	s 🗒		Archaeological Resources
Summary of Project Size	Existing	Change	Total	State Permits &
& Environmental Impacts				Approvals
	AND			Order of Conditions
Total site acreage	4.9 to 7.3*			Superseding Order of
(*varies between options)				Conditions
New acres of land altered		0.5 to 2.5*		
(*varies between options)				Certification
Acres of impervious area	4.9	0 to 2.3*	4.9 to 7.2*	☐ MHD or MDC Access
(*varies between options)				Permit
Square feet of new bordering		0		│
vegetated wetlands alteration				New Source Approval
Square feet of new other		0		☐ DEP or MWRA
wetland alteration				Sewer Connection/
Acres of new non-water		0		Extension Permit  Other Permits
dependent use of tidelands or				(including Legislative
waterways				Approvals) - Specify:
STR	UCTURES			
Gross square footage*	0	1,600#	1,600"	State Historic Register Review
Number of housing units	N/A	N/A	N/A	DEP Air Quality Certification
Maximum height (in feet)*	0	70*	70#	,
TRANS	PORTATION			Note: Some of these permits may
Vehicle trips per day	103,000	0	103,000	not apply to all options being considered. Please see Table 1 in
Parking spaces	0	0	0	the attached Supplemental Narrative for more information.
WATER/V	VASTEWAT	≣R		
Gallons/day (GPD) of water use	N/A	N/A	N/A	
GPD water withdrawal	N/A	N/A	N/A	
GPD wastewater generation/	N/A	N/A	N/A	
treatment				
Length of water/sewer mains (in miles)	N/A	N/A	N/A	
*Approximate footprint and height of vo	ent buildings, bein	g considered in	variations withi	in the C and D options.
CONSERVATION LAND: Will the pro				
resources to any purpose not in acco	ordance with Arti	cle 97?		
Yes (Specify	ica would be co-	used by adirect	⊠No Article	97 legislative approval is not required
as neither a disposition or change of existing DCR parkways within DCR p	arks do not renu	useo oy aojustr iire Article 97 :	nents to the ti approval.	innei alignment. Alignment changes
Will it involve the release of any cons	servation restrict			agricultural preservation
restriction, or watershed preservation	restriction?			Compression and the compression of the compression
☐Yes (Specify		)	⊠No	

RARE SPECIES: Does the project site include Estimated Habitat of Rare Species, Vernal Pools, Priority Sites of
Rare Species, or Exemplary Natural Communities?
☐Yes (Specify) ⊠No
HISTORICAL /ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES: Does the project site include any structure, site or district listed in the State Register of Historic Place or the inventory of Historic and Archaeological Assets of the Commonwealth?    Yes (Specify: Charles River Basin Historic District )
If yes, does the project involve any demolition or destruction of any listed or inventoried historic or archaeological resources?
☐Yes (Specify: The Storrow Drive tunnel, surface road and surrounding parklands are contributing resources to the Charles River Basin Historic District. The project involves temporary impacts and reconstruction of the tunnel and surface roads and the rehabilitation of adjacent parkland.)
AREAS OF CRITICAL ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERN: Is the project in or adjacent to an Area of Critical Environmental Concern?
☐Yes (Specify) ⊠No
<b>PROJECT DESCRIPTION:</b> The project description should include (a) a description of the project site, (b) a description of both on-site and off-site alternatives and the impacts associated with each alternative, and (c) potential on-site and off-site mitigation measures for each alternative (You may attach one additional page, if necessary.)

[NOTE: Due to the complexity of the project and the number of design options and variations under consideration, a more detailed "Supplemental Narrative" is attached to this ENF, with an abbreviated project description provided below.]

A) Project Site: The limits of the project site are roughly defined by the alignment of Storrow Drive itself between Clarendon Street, where the eastbound lanes of Storrow Drive descend below grade, and extending just beyond Otter Street (Arlington Street exit), where the eastbound traffic re-emerges to surface level. Different design options under consideration involve construction footprints of varying width, and in some instances involve limited encroachment for construction activities (if only temporarily) into adjacent parkland known as the Charles River Esplanade ("the Esplanade").

The Storrow Drive tunnel was constructed as part of the overall Storrow Drive construction project in 1951. The tunnel carries eastbound traffic along the Esplanade below grade, while westbound traffic travels on the surface (on the roof of the eastbound tunnel). There are off- and on-ramps for traffic to enter and exit at Otter Street (Arlington Street exit) and at Berkeley Street. According to recent traffic counts, Storrow Drive carries approximately 103,000 vehicles a day. The parkway is owned by the Department of Conservation and Recreation (DCR).

B) Project Description/ Alternatives: Repairs to the 55-year old tunnel are needed due to: (1) the deterioration of the concrete and steel in the walls and roof of the tunnel, (2) leaks in the roof, walls and base slabs, and (3) original design deficiencies that limit emergency traffic on the roof of the tunnels. The need for reconstruction/replacement of the tunnels is being approached by the DCR as an opportunity to improve universal pedestrian and bicycle access to the Esplanade and the overall quality of the parkland in the vicinity of the project, while retaining critical transportation functions provided by Storrow Drive, including regional transportation connections and vehicular access to residential neighborhoods and commercial districts within the Back Bay/Beacon Hill.

DCR is carefully analyzing the impacts associated with the project. In an effort to strike a balance between short-term impacts and long-term benefits, DCR developed a set of criteria by which to compare potential options for the reconstruction of the tunnel. These criteria (see Table 2 in the attached Supplemental Narrative) reflect DCR's consideration of both short-term and long-term benefits and detriments associated with the project and its various permutations.

At the present time, DCR is considering options in four broad categories, as follows:

Option A series	Rebuild the existing tunnels and re-establish intersections in their current configuration
Option B series	Replace the tunnel section with a surface roadway network, and signalize intersections
Option C series	Reconstruct the existing tunnel and add a second tunnel to carry westbound traffic below grade
Option D series	Build two new tunnels to carry through-traffic below grade, and establish signalized surface roads to accommodate local access / turning movements

While a number of variations under each of these options have been considered, this ENF focuses on one variation within each category, and it encourages public comment on these as well as other potential solutions to maintaining regional roadway connections and providing vehicular access to Back Bay/Beacon Hill, while enhancing universal accessibility, pedestrian and bicycle access to the Esplanade. It is anticipated that a number of alternatives will be analyzed in further detail in the Draft Environmental Impact Report (DEIR) for the project, and that one or more alternatives will be presented in the Final Environmental Impact Report (FEIR).

C) Mitigation Measures: A number of mitigation measures will be implemented to offset impacts associated with the project. Such mitigation measures include construction-period mitigation and long-term mitigation. A brief discussion of DCR's approach to mitigation for key aspects of the project follows, and will be discussed in greater detail in the DEIR.

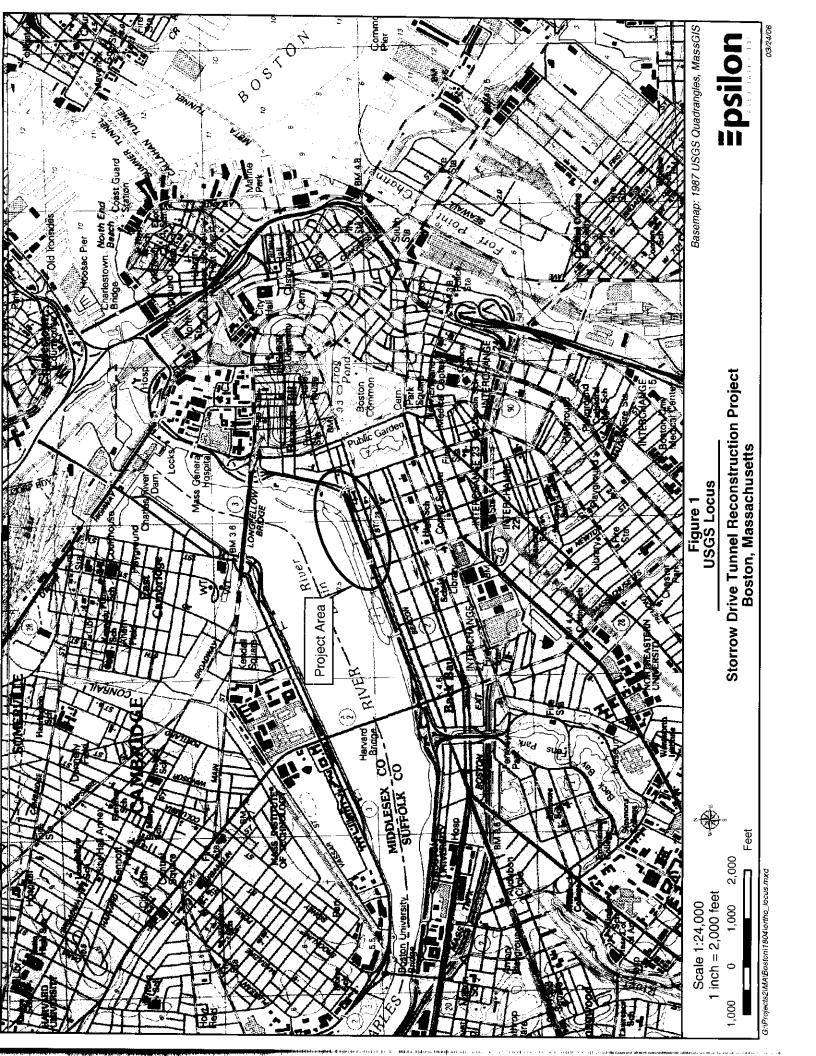
### Construction Period Mitigation

- Traffic Management: Traffic management measures during construction will include a significant outreach program to alert the general public (including motorists, bicyclists, and pedestrians) of potential detours and delays in the vicinity of the project, encouraging the use of mass transit alternatives, and establishing workable detours for traffic that is not diverted (e.g., emergency vehicle access to medical services associated with the Massachusetts General Hospital.) An origin and destination survey will be conducted in the spring of 2006 to assist in traffic management planning efforts.
- Universal Accessibility, Pedestrian, and Bicycle Access: Construction management planning will include measures to
  provide pedestrian/bicycle access between Back Bay/Beacon Hill and the Esplanade for those with physical disabilities
  and for recreation and commuting.
- Air Quality and Noise. It is expected that extensive measures will be undertaken to minimize impacts associated with construction equipment emissions, dust, and noise. While it is conceivable to limit construction to daytime hours, this would substantially prolong the overall construction period, and it is expected that the ultimately preferred alternative will involve some nighttime construction activities.
- Landscape/Visual: Strictly enforced construction limits and tree protection measures will be used to minimize impacts
  to landscape features in the vicinity of the project during construction. The work site will be largely screened from
  view at street level though the use of opaque barriers, which will also serve a safety function.
- Groundwater Levels: DCR has already instituted a groundwater monitoring program, and it will develop a system to ensure that groundwater levels are maintained within the right-of-way throughout construction.

#### Long-term Mitigation

- Traffic Management: Significantly, none of the alternatives that are under consideration propose increasing the type or level of capacity of Storrow Drive. The tunnels will not be designed to accommodate trucks, nor will the number or width of travel lanes be significantly different than they are today. The final design will maintain the parkway character of Storrow Drive, with a lower design speed than typical of a parkway.
- Universal Accessibility, Pedestrian and Bicycle Access: As indicated in the project description, a major objective of the project is to enhance universal accessibility, pedestrian and bicycle access. At present, neither of the pedestrian overpasses within the project footprint (the Arthur Fiedler footbridge and the Clarendon Street overpass, which lies slightly to the west of the project area) is designed for universal accessibility, and neither is wide enough to accommodate two-way access for pedestrians and bicyclists or physically impaired persons. Whichever option is selected as the preferred alternative, the design will incorporate improved non-vehicular access between Back Bay/Beacon Hill and the Esplanade.
- Air Quality and Noise. Appropriate mitigation for air quality and noise impacts associated with the projects are highly
  dependent upon which option is ultimately selected as the preferred alternative. The DEIR and FEIR for the project
  will address long-term air quality and noise mitigation measures in more detail.
- Landscape/Visual: As noted above, one of the underlying objectives of the project is to leave the Esplanade in better
  condition than it exists today. Areas disturbed by construction will be appropriately landscaped, and roadway
  appurtenances (guardrails, lighting, etc.) will be consistent with the historic parkway character of Storrow Drive.
- Groundwater Levels: The final design will incorporate a groundwater recharge system that will inject groundwater into a series of infiltration chambers to maintain groundwater levels above current levels.

See further discussion in the attached supplemental narrative.







April 18, 2006

Stephen R. Pritchard, Secretary Executive Office of Environmental Affairs 100 Cambridge Street, Suite 900 Boston, MA 02114 APR 1 8 200

MEPA

Dear Secretary Pritchard:

We are pleased to submit the attached Environmental Notification Form (ENF) for the reconstruction of the Storrow Drive Tunnel. Completed in 1951, the tunnel carries eastbound traffic below ground, while westbound traffic travels on the surface (on the roof of the eastbound tunnel), adjacent to the Charles River Esplanade. Storrow Drive now carries over 100,000 vehicles per day.

The 55-year old tunnels are in critical need of repair. The need for reconstruction/replacement of the tunnels is being approached by the Department or Conservation & Recreation (DCR) as an opportunity to improve universal accessibility and pedestrian and bicycle access to the Esplanade, and to enhance the overall quality of the parkland in the vicinity of the project, while retaining critical transportation functions provided by Storrow Drive, including regional transportation connections and vehicular access to residential neighborhoods and commercial districts within the Back Bay/Beacon Hill.

DCR has initiated a wide-reaching dialogue with the neighborhoods, businesses, civic associations and agencies impacted by the construction to discuss design and construction options. To date, four information meetings scheduled during evening hours for the general public have been held, three in the City of Boston and one in the City of Cambridge.

The range of solutions currently under consideration includes: (1) rebuilding the tunnel in its current configuration; (2) demolishing the tunnel and constructing an at-grade parkway (this option includes several variations); (3) renovating the existing tunnel to carry east bound traffic with a new tunnel to carry west bound traffic; and (4) two new tunnels to carry traffic in both directions with turning movements occurring at the surface. However, as described in this ENF, DCR has not ruled out any options at this time, and encourages public involvement in selecting the ultimately preferred alternative.

DCR views the MEPA process as an ideal forum to structure the public input process, and to this end is requesting an extended comment period for the ENF, allowing the public to comment for a period of 48 days rather than the usual 20-day public comment period associated with ENF review. Based on today's filing date, this will bring the close of the comment period to June 13, 2006.

Thank you for your consideration of this critical public infrastructure and parks project.

Sincerely,

Stephen H. Burrington

Commissioner

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS / EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS

Department of Conservation and Recreation 251 Causeway Street, Suite 600 Boston MA 02114-2119 617-626-1250 617-626-1351 Fax www.mass.gov/dcr

Mrs. M. Bleingh-



Mitt Romney Governor Stephen R. Pritchard, Secretary Executive Office of Environmental Affairs

Kerry Healey Lt. Governor Stephen H. Burrington, Commissioner Department of Conservation & Recreation