Commonwealth of Massachusetts Executive Office of Environmental Affairs ■ MEPA Office

ENF

Environmental Notification Form

| For Office Use Only Executive Office of Environmental Affairs |
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| EOEA No.: / 30 2 3 MEPA Analyst nick Zavolas Phone: 617-626- / 0 30 |

The information requested on this form must be completed to begin MEPA Review in accordance with the provisions of the Massachusetts Environmental Policy Act, 301 CMR 11.00.

| Project Name: Dredging of West Arm of Lago | oon Pond | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Street: 100 Lagoon Pond Road | | | | | |
| Municipality: Tisbury | Watershed: Cape and Islands | | | | |
| Universal Tranverse Mercator Coordinates: | Latitude: 41°27'02" | | | | |
| NE | Longitude: 70°35'52" | | | | |
| Estimated commencement date: 12/1/03 | Estimated completion date: 2/1/04 | | | | |
| Approximate cost: \$19,800 | Status of project design: 75%complete | | | | |
| Proponent: Maciel Marine, Inc., Geoffrey Banfield, President | | | | | |
| Street: P.O. Box 2156 | | | | | |
| Municipality: Vineyard Haven | State: Mass. | Zip Code: 02568 | | | |
| Name of Contact Person From Whom Copies of this ENF May Be Obtained: Burton B. Bryan | | | | | |
| Firm/Agency: Robert L. Fultz & Associates | Street: 74 Color | nial Road | | | |
| Municipality: Marshfield | State: Mass. | Zip Code: 02050 | | | |
| Phone: 781-659-2003 Fax: 78 | 1-659-2003 | E-mail: | | | |
| | | bbbryan1@earthlink.net | | | |
| Has any project on this site been filed with MEPA Is this an Expanded ENF (see 301 CMR 11.05(7)) reque a Single EIR? (see 301 CMR 11.06(8)) a Special Review Procedure? (see 301 CMR 11.09) a Waiver of mandatory EIR? (see 301 CMR 11.11) a Phase I Waiver? (see 301 CMR 11.11) Identify any financial assistance or land transfer from | res (EOEA No before? res (EOEA No esting: □Yes □Yes □Yes □Yes □Yes | No N | | | |
| the agency name and the amount of funding or land area (in acres): _none Are you requesting coordinated review with any other federal, state, regional, or local agency? | | | | | |

| which ENF or EIR review threshold(s) does the project meet or exceed (see 301 CMR 11.03): | | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|---|--|
| Land Water Energy ACEC | Rare Speci Wastewate Air Regulation | er 🗍 | Transportat Solid & Haz | Vaterways, & Tidelands ion ardous Waste Archaeological | |
| Summary of Project Size | Existing | Change | Total | State Permits & | |
| & Environmental Impacts | | | | Approvals | |
| Total site acreage New acres of land altered | _AND | 1.3 | | ✓ Order of Conditions✓ Superseding Order of Conditions | |
| Acres of impervious area | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Square feet of new bordering vegetated wetlands alteration | | 0 | Ů | Certification MHD or MDC Access Permit | |
| Square feet of new other wetland alteration | | 55,900 | | Water ManagementAct Permit | |
| Acres of new non-water dependent use of tidelands or waterways | | 0 | | New Source Approval DEP or MWRA Sewer Connection/ Extension Permit | |
| STRU | JCTURES | | | Other Permits | |
| Gross square footage | 0 | 0 | 0 | (including Legislative | |
| Number of housing units | 0 | 0 | 0 | Approvals) - Specify: | |
| Maximum height (in feet) | N/A | | | | |
| TRANSI | PORTATION | | | | |
| Vehicle trips per day | N/A | | | | |
| Parking spaces | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| WATER/W | ASTEWATE | R | | | |
| Gallons/day (GPD) of water use | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| GPD water withdrawal | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| GPD wastewater generation/ treatment | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Length of water/sewer mains (in miles) | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |
| CONSERVATION LAND: Will the pronatural resources to any purpose not Yes (Specify | in accordance vervation restrict | vith Article 973) ion, preservati | ? ⊠No | | |

| RARE SPECIES: Does the project site include Estimated Habitat of Rare Species, Vernal Pools, Priority Sites of Rare Species, or Exemplary Natural Communities? |
|--|
| Yes (Specify: Estimated Habitat and Priority Site) |
| HISTORICAL /ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES: Does the project site include any structure, site or district |
| listed in the State Register of Historic Place or the inventory of Historic and Archaeological Assets of the Commonwealth? |
| ☐Yes (Specify) |
| If yes, does the project involve any demolition or destruction of any listed or inventoried historic or archaeological resources? |
| ☐Yes (Specify) ☐No |
| AREAS OF CRITICAL ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERN: Is the project in or adjacent to an Area of Critical |
| Environmental Concern? |
| ☐Yes (Specify) ⊠No |
| PROJECT DESCRIPTION: The project description should include (a) a description of the project site |
| (b) a description of both on-site and off-site alternatives and the impacts associated with each alternative, and (c) potential on-site and off-site mitigation measures for each alternative (You may |

Maciel Marine, Inc., in cooperation with the Town of Tisbury, plans to maintain an existing municipal navigation channel in the West Arm of Lagoon Pond. The area was last dredged in 1993, and must be re-dredged to maintain access by boat to the West Arm. The project is especially important for the public boat ramp, public moorings, and three marine businesses with water access in the West Arm of the Lagoon. The dredging will to some extent improve tidal exchange in the West Arm.

The project design, illustrated by the enclosed plans, is for dredging to deepen a 30 foot wide municipal channel to 4 feet below mean low water (MLW). The total length of the channel is 3,850 feet, but only approximately 1.925 feet of this would have to be dredged, as the rest is already deeper than 4' MLW. The estimated volume of dredging would be 1,320 cubic yards from an area of 43,900 square feet.

The following alternatives have been considered for disposal of sediments from this project:

attach one additional page, if necessary.)

1. The preferred alternative is to use a clamshell dredge with dewatering on a barge and trucking and grading material as beach nourishment. Between DEP aerial photographic surveys made in 1994 and 2001, an estimated area of 10,850 sf of the channel was revegetated by eelgrass. This indicates the eelgrass will reinvade the area dredged. In addition, staff from the National Marine Fisheries Service and the Mass. Division of Marine Fisheries conducted a surveillance dive on the area of eelgrass in the channel. They requested certain mitigation, given the eelgrass will revegetate the area. This mitigation request included speed and channel signage and educational signage to protect the eelgrass beds. The intent is to mitigate damage to eelgrass from vessels straying from the designated channel and causing prop damage and scour to the larger bed. This project will provide the requested mitigation, which will have a beneficial impact on the entire eelgrass bed in the West Arm of the Lagoon. In addition, the Town Shellfish Warden has investigated the dredge areas for shellfish and has found no shellfish in the channel's west end but significant hard shell clams (Mercenaria mercenaria) and bay scallops (Aequipecten irradians) in the east end of the channel. Based on guidance of the Mass. Division of Marine Fisheries, the Shellfish Constable has proposed removal and reseeding as mitigation, which the proponent accepts. The presence of these clams also shows the channel will be repopulated after dredging and will remain shellfish habitat. The timing of this project also mitigates construction period impacts. Dredged sediments will be dewatered on a barge and trucked to the nourishment beach destination, where they will be graded as per the project design. Grain size analysis and chemical testing have shown the sediments to be suitable for use at Joseph Sylvia State Park Beach in Oak Bluffs. The Mass. Department of Environmental Protection, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, and the manager of the State Park have approved beach nourishment at this site. The issues related to environmental impact from this alternative have been addressed by

the resource agencies by proposing mitigation that the proponent accepts as part of the project.

- 2. Disposal within deeper parts of Lagoon Pond was considered, but this could have adverse effects on benthic organisms and fishes, and would require an essential fish habitat analysis. Officials of the Mass. Division of Marine Fisheries and the National Marine Fisheries Service have expressed reservations about this proposal. The regional shellfish biologist has stated that disposal of dredge sediments disposed in this manner in 1993 has helped improve circulation in the main body of the Lagoon, site of the regional solar shellfish hatchery established in 1979. The Towns and the Martha's Vineyard Commission have made efforts recently to address human influences on the Pond ecosystem.
- 3. Another alternative would be to pump the spoils hydraulically to the shore of Lagoon Pond. This would require identification of landowners willing to accept the sediment, calculation of many separate volumes, and dealing with numerous landowners. It would also cause greater turbidity and disturbance to the beaches, no appropriate dewatering site is available in this area, and it would be hard to confine the effects to specified pieces of property.
- 4. The no action alternative would allow the shoaling of the West Arm to continue, severely impacting the commercial and recreational boating activity in this area and jeopardizing the existence of the businesses that depend on it. Also, the access rights for fishing and navigation in an established municipal channel and public mooring area would be denied. Shoaling would also continue to impede emergency rescue vessels navigating in a municipal channel. This creates a risk to public safety that could force the Town to take emergency action to protect the public. In addition to public health risks, environmental health impacts could result from hazardous material spills from vessel groundings and collisions caused directly by the shoals or because the shoals force vessels out of the designated channel thereby restricting mobility and the ability to avoid collision.

Dredging is planned for a start date of December 1, 2003, in order to minimize environmental impacts of the operation. Harvesting of scallops in the area starts on November 1, and can be completed before dredging starts. The work will be completed before the start of the winter flounder spawning season, and well before the start of migratory fish runs in the spring.