Commonwealth of Massachusetts Executive Office of Environmental Affairs ■ MEPA Office

ENF

Environmental Notification Form

For Office Use Only
Executive Office of Environmental Affairs

EOEA No.: 14258
MEPA Analyst: Anne Canaday
Phone: 617-626-

The information requested on this form must be completed to begin MEPA Review in accordance with the provisions of the Massachusetts Environmental Policy Act, 301 CMR 11.00.

Project Name: Medouie C	Creek Salt Marsh R	Restorat	ion			
Street: Dike Road, Polpis	s Harbor					
Municipality: Nantucket		Watershed: Nantucket Harbor Watershed				
Universal Tranverse Merca	ator Coordinates:	Latitud	e: 41°18 '	25.288"N		
(UTMN) 415164.46544170)624	Longitude: 70°0'48.39"W				
(UTME) 4573335.830983291						
Estimated commencement date: 10/08		Estimated completion date: 03/09				
Approximate cost: \$160,000		Status of project design: 75% complete				
Proponent: Ms. Karen Be	eattie, Science and	l Stewai	rdship M	anager		
Street: Nantucket Conse	rvation Foundation	n, 118 C	liff Road			
Municipality: Nantucket		State:	MA	Zip Code:	02554	
Name of Contact Person F	rom Whom Copies	of this I	ENF May	Be Obtaine	ed:	
Neal Price, Senior Project	ct Manager			_		
Firm/Agency: Horsley Wit	ten Group, Inc.	Street:	90 Rout	<u>e 6A, Unit 1</u>	1	
Municipality: Sandwich		State:		Zip Code:		
Phone: 508-833-6600	Fax: 508-833-315	0	E-mail: ı	nprice@ho	rsleywitten.com	
Does this project meet or exc			old (see 301	CMR 11.03)?		
		Yes			⊠No	
Has this project been filed wi		Vac (EOI	EA No.	,	⊠No	
Has any project on this site b			_A NO	/	\square 140	
, ido dii, projest dii and die			EA No)	⊠No	
Is this an Expanded ENF (see 301 CMR 11.05(7)) requesting:						
a Single EIR? (see 301 CMR 11		∏Ye	:S		⊠No	
a Special Review Procedur		∐Ye			⊠No	
a Waiver of mandatory EIR	? (see 301 CMR 11.11)	∐Ye	S		⊠No	
a Phase I Waiver? (see 301 0	MR 11.11)	∐Ye	S		⊠No	
Identify any financial assista	nce or land transfer fr	rom an a	gency of the	he Common	wealth, including	
the agency name and the amount of funding or land area (in acres): MA Coastal Zone						
Management (CZM) is providing \$70,000 in financial assistance, and federal agencies,						
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Natural Resources Conservation						
Service (NRCS) and US Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), are collectively contributing						
\$90,000 toward the propos	ed restoration proje	ect.				
Are you requesting coordinate			eral, state,	regional, or	local agency?	
Yes(Specify) [⊠No				
List Local or Federal Permits						
Order of Conditions (application to be submitted to the Nantucket Conservation Commission);						
General Waterways Chapter :	91 License (applicatio	n to be s	ubmitted);			

Water Quality Certification (applie Category II Department of the Arr Which ENF or EIR review thresh	ny Programma	itic General P	ermit (applic		
Land Water Energy ACEC	✓ Rare Species ✓ Wetlands, Waterways, & Tidelands ☐ Wastewater ☐ Transportation ☐ Air ☐ Solid & Hazardous Waste ☐ Regulations ☐ Historical & Archaeological Resources				
Summary of Project Size	Existing	Change	Total	State Permits &	
& Environmental Impacts				Approvals	
	.AND			Order of Conditions	
Total site acreage (salt marsh)	18.41 acres			Superseding Order of Conditions	
New acres of land altered		0.2 acres		🔀 Chapter 91 License	
Acres of impervious area	٥	0	0	⊠ 401 Water Quality Certification	
Square feet of new bordering vegetated wetlands alter ation		3,207 sq. ft. (temporary) / 418 sq ft. (permanent)			
Square feet of new other wetland alteration		2,038 sq. ft. (temporary) / 216 sq. ft. (permanent)		Act Permit New Source Approval DEP or MWRA Sewer Connection/	
Acres of new non-water dependent use of tidelands or waterways		0		Extension Permit Other Permits (including Legislative	
STRU	JCTURES			Approvals) – Specify:	
Gross square footage	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Number of housing units	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Maximum height (in feet)	N/A	N/A	N/A		
TRANSI	PORTATION				
Vehicle trips per day	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Parking spaces	N/A	N/A	N/A		
WATER/V	VASTEWATI	ER			
Gallons/day (GPD) of water use	N/A	N/A	N/A		
GPD water withdrawal	N/A	N/A	N/A]	
GPD wastewater generation/ treatment	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Length of water/sewer mains (in miles)	N/A	N/A	N/A		
CONSERVATION LAND: Will the professources to any purpose not in accommodate [Yes (Specify	rdance with Art ervation restric	icle 97?) tion, preservat	⊠No	•	

<u>RARE SPECIES</u> : Does the project site include Estimated Habitat of Rare Species, Vernal Pools, Priority Sites of Rare Species, or Exemplary Natural Communities?
⊠Yes (Specify: At this time, the project site has been mapped as Estimated Habitats of Rare Wildlife and Priority Habitats of Rare Species, but we do not know the actual species yet. A MESA Information Request has been filed.) □No
HISTORICAL /ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES: Does the project site include any structure, site or district listed in the State Register of Historic Place or the inventory of Historic and Archaeological Assets of the Commonwealth?
☐Yes (Specify)
If yes, does the project involve any demolition or destruction of any listed or inventoried historic or archaeological resources?
□Yes (Specify) ⊠No
AREAS OF CRITICAL ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERN: is the project in or adjacent to an Area of Critical Environmental Concern?
□Yes (Specify) ⊠No
PROJECT DESCRIPTION: The project description should include (a) a description of the project site (b) a description of both on-site and off-site alternatives and the impacts associated with each alternative, and (c) potential on-site and off-site mitigation measures for each alternative (You may attach one additional page, if necess ary.)
(a) a description of the project site:

The Medouie Creek salt marsh borders the northern edge of Polpis Harbor in Nantucket, Massachusetts. Its tidal exchange with the harbor is severely restricted by the historical construction of dike roads and the partial blockage of the only remaining connecting channel. The vegetative communities located north and south of the existing dirt road differ significantly as a result of the constricted tidal flow beneath the roadway. The salt marsh area south of the roadway is exposed to unrestricted tidal flows associated with Polpis Harbor. Vegetation in this portion of the salt marsh is characterized by a lower salt marsh dominated by smooth cordgrass (*Spartina alterniflora*). The upper salt marsh is dominated by salt marsh cordgrass (*Spartina patens*) with the upper reaches characterized by scattered clumps of marsh elder (*Iva frutescens*). Restriction of the marsh to the north of the roadway has caused a proliferation of cattail (*Typha*) and invasive species, such as common reed (*Phragmites australis*), and has resulted in adverse effects to wetland habitat functions, including fisheries habitat. By opening a ford in the road and installing a small box culvert at the low point of the ford, the project aims to restore substantial tidal flow to the currently degraded salt marsh. Increasing tidal flow will improve tidal flushing of nutrients and pollutants from the upstream marsh areas and will increase beneficial saltwater inputs (see Project Narrative for details).

(b) a description of both on-site and off-site alternatives and the impacts associated with each alternative:

A prior HW feasibility study identified a limited breach of the dike road on the southern edge of marsh as the most cost-effective approach to begin to increase flushing to the marsh. All parties understand that this limited opening is an initial step and will not restore full tidal exchange to the marsh. The proposed approach is to open an approximately 115-foot wide, gently sloping for d in the road to convey higher elevation flood flows, with an associated 3-foot by 3-foot box culvert at the low point to convey daily low flows. Limited dredging to reconnect existing isolated channel segments on either side of the dike road will further facilitate low flow drainage from the marsh. This approach provides a cost-effective means to increase flushing to the marsh under both low and high flow conditions.

During the planning phase of this tidal r estriction removal and habitat restoration project, HW,

Nantucket Conservation Foundation (NCF), and project partners considered the advantages and disadvantages of the different project alternatives. All Federal Clean Water Act Section 401 activities are subject to an alternatives analysis as part of the DEP's review process for Water Quality Certification. The six alternatives considered here are to install: 1) 3' x 3' Box Culvert Low Flow Channel with a Broad Ford in Road (Preferred Alternative), 2) Twin 3' x 3' Box Culverts, 3) 4' Diameter Culvert, 4) Wide Span Bridge, 5) 15" Diameter Culvert, or 6) the no-build alternative.

There are no practical alternatives to the project activities as currently proposed that will further minimize adverse impacts to the wetland resource areas, while meeting the project's salt marsh restoration goals. All project alternatives considered, including the no build alternative, will impact the resource areas. The project as currently proposed minimizes these impacts and incorporates a substantial restoration component, which will improve wetland habitat and function with no loss of wetland area.

Please find a complete evaluation and ranking of each of the six alternatives in the enclosed 'Project Narrative'.

(c) potential on-site and off-site mitigation measures for each alternative:

The footprint in which the ford construction, dredging and culvert installation will occur has been reduced in size to the extent feasible to minimize alterations to the coastal resource areas. The construction staging area shown on the 'Marsh Locus' in the enclosed project site plans (sheet 2 of 4) will be located in an existing open portion of the site to the north of the proposed work area. Details of the proposed mitigation measures, including erosion and sedimentation control barriers and proposed slope stabilization techniques and materials, are also provided on the site plans (sheet 4 of 4). As required under the local wetland protection bylaw, guidance and instructions provided in the Massachusetts Erosion Control Manual will be applied.

This salt marsh restoration project will serve the wetland interests and values, as specified in the Massachusetts Wetlands Protection Act, as well as the Town of Nantucket Bylaw for Wetlands (Section 136-7) and associated Wetland Protection Regulations, by contributing to the prevention of pollution, protection of land containing shellfish, protection of marine fisheries, the protection of wildlife habitat, recreation, and aesthetics. The project will also serve these interests and values by meeting the performance standards for the protected wetland resource areas in or near the project location. Project mitigation measures are described in detail in the enclosed Project Narrative. The site plans depict the implementation of these measures and how they will help to protect wetland resource areas during the construction phase of the project.